From Dr. Ramendu S. Dewan.

C/o Dr. H.D. Locksley, Dept. of Chemistry, Salford University, Salford M5 4WT, England.

Date: 18th May 1986

Sub: An appeal to save the Chakma and other tribes of the Chittagong Hill Tracts from the total annihilation by

the Bangladesh Government.

Dear Brother,

May I present to you the following reports regarding the flight of the tribal refugees from the Chittagong Hill Tracts to the neighbouring Tripura State of India:

1. A report under the heading, "Alert in Tripura to check infiltration from the <u>Times of India</u> of April 30, 1986.

2. A news under the title, "Tribal influx in Tripura", carried in the Times of India of May 1, 1986.

An article under the caption, "Bangla tribals flee army's vengence from the <u>Times of India</u> of May 5, 1986.

4. A piece entitled, "Exodus as army hunts guerrillas", and published in the <u>Times</u> (London) of May 14, 1986.

Over 20,000 members of the Bangladesh army and police are carrying out a genocidal military campaign against the indigenous people living in the Mahalchari-Feni sector of the Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT). They set fire to 20 tribal villages in the Khagrachari District of the CHT, massacred 60 tribals mostly women and children, and destroyed several Buddhist and Hindu temples. As a result of this government-directed reign of terror, more than 3,000 tribal people have sought refuge at Korbuk and Silachari inthe Indian State of Tripura, and many thousand tribals have fled to the surrounding forests. Their villages and farmlands have already been taken over by the Bengali settlers.

The Bangladesh Government has adopted all inhuman and illegal tactics to rob the indigenous inhabitants of their villages and farmlands for its co-religionists. One of these tactics is to regroup the tribal villagers and then to relocate them in concentration camps which the government calls "model villages" or "co-operative farming projects" in order to mislead the international community. The first aim of this method is to depopulate the tribal villages. Secondly, these shifts are intended to remove food and other sources of support to the resistance. Thirdly, this is designed to settle the land with the outsider Bengali settlers. Intimidation, physical abuse and wholesale burning of village homes are employed to force the tribal people to leave their ancestral villages and farmlands. Rape, beating, starvation, lack of medical care and systematic harassment are commonplace in concentration camps. Life in the concentration camps is so horrifying that when the Government has intensified its campaign to set up more such camps in the Khagrachari District the local communities have deserted their homes and farmlands and fled to the Tripura State of India. Those tribal people who could not flee to India have taken shelter in the upland forests. They have no means to live and they have lost everything. They have very little chance to survive.

The brutal regime of Bangladesh is exterminating the indigenous nationalities of the CHT systematically. So their survival is totally dependent on the help of the international community. I appeal earnestly to you to protect the threatened people of the CHT by removing the cruel invaders from the traditional tribal homeland. I shall be most grateful to you if you would kindly take all necessary measures to save the lives of the tribal refugees in the Tripura State of India.

To

Yours sincerely

Mr. Rudolph C. Ryser, Chairman of the Center for World Indigenous Studies, P.O. Box 911, Smoqualmie, Washington 98065, U.S.A.

Ramendu

THE TIMES OF INDIA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL, 30, 1986 7

Alert in Tripura to check infiltration

AGARTALA, April 29 (PTI)...

AN alert has been sounded on Tripura's eastern border with Bangladesh in the wake of reports that a large number of tribal refugees may cross over into the state to escape severe combing and regrouping operations by the Bangladesh Army.

Official sources here said today thatthe Bangladesh army and para-military units had started massive regrouping operations in the Feni-Mahalcherri sector. Over 1,500 tribals fled the villages around Mahalcherri

and were heading for India.

Bangladesh Rifles units were trying to seal the border to prevent the tribals from crossing over to India, but some villagers had already reportedly crossed over,

Madhya Pradesh

the municipal corporation meeting in of his commendable services and of all parties joined Karnataka youths shouted slogans years from the visitors' gallery.

They also threw pamphlets condemaing Marathi-speaking corpora. Proto Barbosa, Goa's minister for. tors for "insulting" Mr. Patil Put- urban development, protocol and tourtappa, the chairman of the Kannada kith, while laying the foundation stones watch dog committee during his visit; of the multipurpose building at to the corporation last week to in- Majorda. spect the implementation of Kannada in government offices.

The youths conduct irked some

Marathi corporators who immediately! rushed to the gallery with signboards in hand and best up the demonstra-

Five persons were injured in the fracas, requiring hospitalisation. The

States News

Belgaum on Monday when pro-social work rendered for the past 20.

The award was given by Dr. Luis

Tamil Nadu

PITCHAI MOURNED (PTI): Both houses of the Tamil Nadu legislature on Tuesday mourned the death of the ruling AIADMK MLA, Mr. M. Pitchal, who died in a road accident on Monday, and as a mark of respect temporary shelters had been provided adjourned for the day. to

In the assembly, the leader of Kangra Valley was rocked and the house, Mr. V. R. Nedunchezhian. earthquake on Samuday of the said of the s

Members of both houses observed two minutes' silence before adjourned ing.

Himachal Pradesh

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE (TOINS): The agriculture minister, Mr. A Sant Ram, who visited the areas affected by the earthquake in Kangra district, told the TOINS that there had been extensive damage to houses. He said the loss of property in and any and Dharmsala would be roughly Rs. 10

crores.
Alternative accommodation and to those rendered homeless, the minister said.

THE TIMES OF INDIA THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1986, PAGE 9

that apart from lack or resources, the Centre's delay in clearing many projects held up the development of A STATE OF Andhra Pradesh.

The chief minister, according to reports from New Delhi, failed to get an appointment with the Prime Minister, Mr. Rajiv Gandhi.

Tribal influx into Tripura

AGARTALA, April 30 (PTI): Over a thousand tribal refugees from Bangaladesh's Chittagong Hill tracts have crossed over to south Tripura through the 25 km densely forested Silacheri area last night, official sources said today.

The sources said that more tribals, "Chakmas", were predominantly heading towards the Indian border to escape the "combing and regrouping operations" by the Bangladesh security forces in the Chittagong Hill tracts.

This followed reports that the management intended to sell the premises.

The report of the committee identified four specific areas of irregularities, namely, college accounts, conduct of examinations, maintenance of a 'reserve fund' and building plans.

Th committee has said many of these were of "criminal irregularities," and recommended to the government and the University Grants Commission (UGC) to institute proceedings against all persons concerned.

It was noticed that the construction of two single rooms of 1,496 square feet had been completed before February 1984, when the UGC approved a sum of Rs. 1.4 lakhs for its construction. Yet, successive "progress reports" were sent to the UGC, which then gave the grant in instalments.

Towards the 'building fund,' employees (both teaching and non-teaching) were made to compulsorily pay a

Since 1961, 8,938 books from the college library were either lost or "destroyed by white ants", the in-charge principal, Mr. S. S. Salunke, told the committee in a written statement. The total cost of these books was Rs. 79,510.

The teaching staff of the college told the committee at an in camera session that the former principal, Mr. M. H. Kadam, who had set up a printing press, Vikram Mudranalaya, had directed them to "financially contribute and support his venture". "Principal Kadam thus collected Rs. 50,000, sans any receipts, and never cent of basic p repaid them", the report said.

The committee noted "criminal irregularities" in the conduct of first year and second year examinations, which were conducted by the college on not be lower ti behalf of the university. Random checks detected that marks assigned in report to the lai the answer books were different from Sangma.

Gokhale Col Shikshan Pras appropriation amounts salaries."

NEW DEL Justice U. N. the wage boa non-journalist interim report categories of from May 1, 1

The board. stipulated that Mr. Bachawa

Picasso work to be sold

Bangla tribals flee army's vengeance

JALEYA (South Tripura),

A MASSIVE influx of tribal refu-gees from Bangladesh's Chit-tagong hill tracts into south Tripura is feared in the next few days, according to intelligence

The sources told a PTI correspondent, touring the Chittagong hill tracts, that over 10,000 tribals have been rendered homeless in various parts of the tracts after irate Bangladesh securitymen set fire to 20 tribal-predomi-

> Your sign of the zodiac TAURUS

(April 21 - May 21) वृषभ .

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Bombay - 400 020, Tel. 29 14 23, 15, Nagindas Master Road, Fort. Bombay - 400 023, Tel. 27 02 02 nant villages and destroyed several Buddhist and Hindu temples.

This followed large-scale raids by the underground Shanti Bahini guerillas on April 29.

Already, over 3,000 tribals have entered south Tripura since April 30. Altogether, 2,282 tribals have re-

ported in the four refugee camps set up by the Tripura government at Korbuk and Silacherri areas near here.

But others were staying in jungles or were lodged with fellow ethnic kinsmen in the border villages after news spread that the refugees would be pushed back to Bangladesh.

JUNGLE REFUGE

Over 2,000 tribals were reported to have slipped into dense jungle in the Feni Maaicherri area after Bangladesh army and para-military units, closely supported by the resettler-dominated Village Defence Parties (VDP), set fire to four tribal hamlets in the Jagapara-Taransa areas on Friday.

Earlier, some 5,000 tribals had left their villages in the Khagracherri area after Bangladesh troops, massacred nearly 60 tribals:

These villages are still staying in dense jungles to avoid Bangladesh security patrols on the hunt for Shanti Bahini guerillas and reportedly heading for India by circuitous jungle tracks.

GUERILLA RAID

Intelligence sources said that some 40 Bangladesh guards were killed and over 50 injured after Shanti Bahni guerillas raided an army camp at Golakpatima and three Bangladesh Rifles outposts at Bagapara, Asalong and Taidong in the Chittagong hill tracts on April 29.

Heli-borne reinforcement from the army brigade headquarters at Khagracherri and Eighinala had to be flown in to prevent the Shanti Bahini from overrunning the security installations.

The sources said the Shanti Bahini also lost about 15 guerillas in the heavy fighting over a 300 sq. km. area.

The guerillas also attacked four plainland resettler village of Chantilla, Asalong, Taidong and Tannakyapara in their line of retreat.

Nearly 60 plainland resettlers were reported killed and almost 100 injured in the raids according to the intelligence sources.

Bangladesh security men and resettlers critically injured in the raids, were flown to army hospitals. Massive additional deployment of forces was reported the sources added.

SRP loses Yogam's

THE TIMES (LONDON) WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1986 PAGE 9

character campaign ked by the eviction his year of some epalis from Meghof the seven states th-east. Native resileghalaya had feared becoming outnummmigrants.

Gurkhas invaded the territory in 1780 but their seizing of land brought them into conflict with the British East India Company. The Gurkhas were later forced to concede defeat, but it is this land they now claim as a homeland.

ngress nours sident

Michael Binyon 'ashington

emotional reunion rk on Monday with a Bonner, wife of i Sakharov, Mr icharansky arrived day for a ceremony from Congress, a with Mr George Secretary of State, ersonal congratula-esident Reagan.

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from the Senate use of Representared in the Rotunda eches praising him titude during his

use and Senate, in approving the ve already lauded

aransky called on ntinue their efforts Jews wanting to oviet Union. "I am ut 400,000 Soviet Il kept as prisoners. standing between Vest must be based values common to e told them.

ting with President the Oval Office of House was a private In recent years Mr s come to believe t human rights is-sest dealt with in macy with the Sohip.

ner, in the US for eatment, is due to orky shortly to join iusband.

aransky is here to ericans for their

Exodus as army hunts guerrillas

From Ahmed Fazl Dhaka

More than 20,000 troops and armed police were on alert yesterday in the Chittagong Hill Tracts region of southeast Bangladesh to flush out secessionist guerrillas as panic-stricken families continued to flee across the border.

Police at Rangamati, about 280 miles from Dhaka, said that a curfew was clamped on a dozen villages bordering the Indian state of Tripura to stop the exodus. Indian border officials said about 3,000 tribal families had sought refuge.

The flight of refugees began after a band of guerrillas belonging to the Marxist-led Shanti Bahini ("peace force") attacked three Bengaii settlements in Khagrachari district, killing more than 40 people. Tribal families feared reprisals, officials said.

The Government has appointed Major-General Nuruddin Khan head of a task force to deal with the insurgents, who want independence for the 500,000 Buddhist Chakma and Marma people.

The rebellion flared up in 1976 after the Government began resettling landless Mus-lim Bengali farmers in the hills which rebel leaders said had threatened their existence. Authorities in Dhaka accused the state Government of Tripura of providing sanctuary to the guerrillas, charges that have been denied.

Tribal guerrillas also attacked several polling stations near Rangamati town and set others ablaze during last week's general election.

The daily Dainik Bangla said yesterdaythat 23 tribal officials kidnapped by guerrillas last week had been set free unharmed.

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