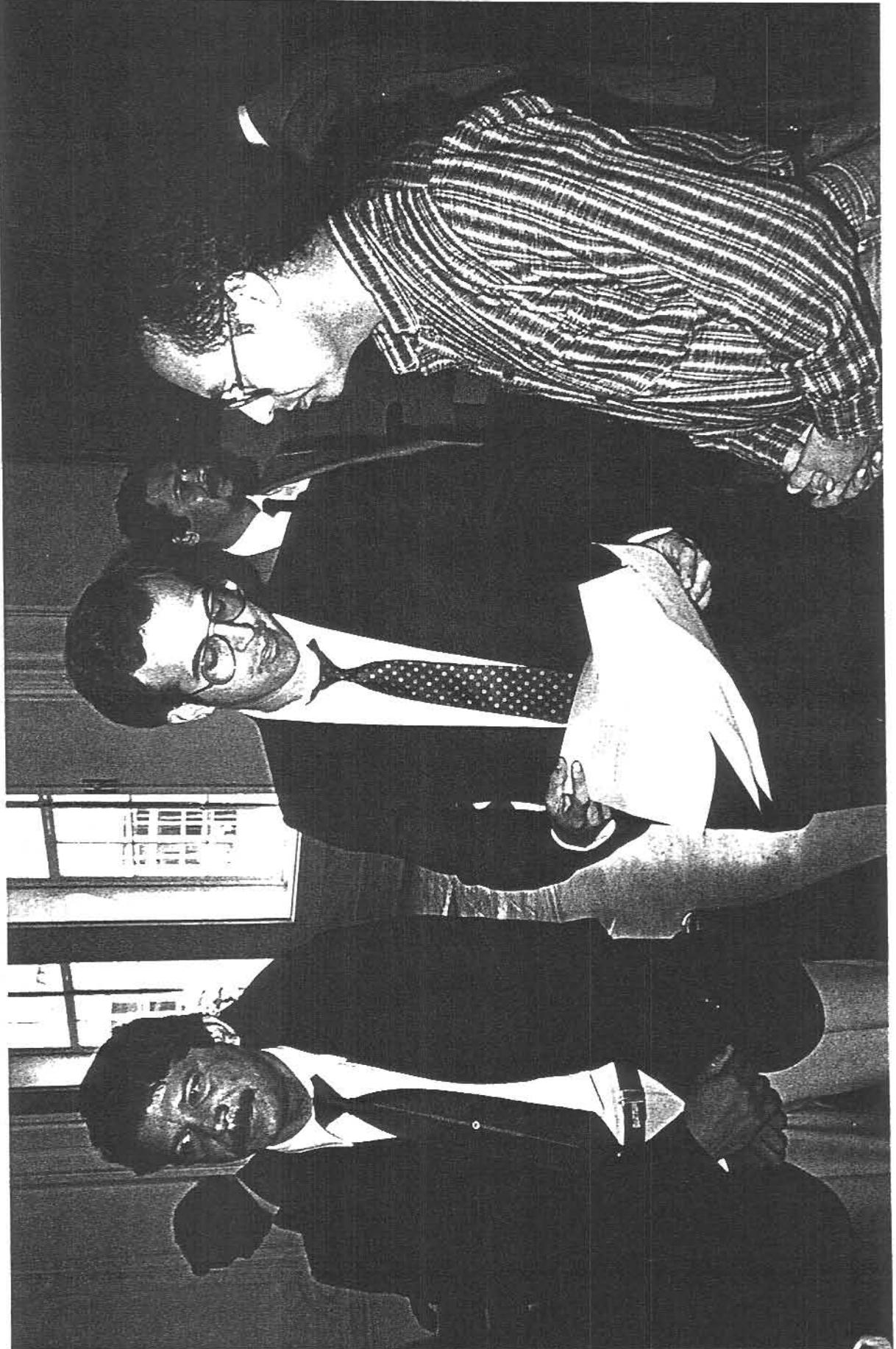


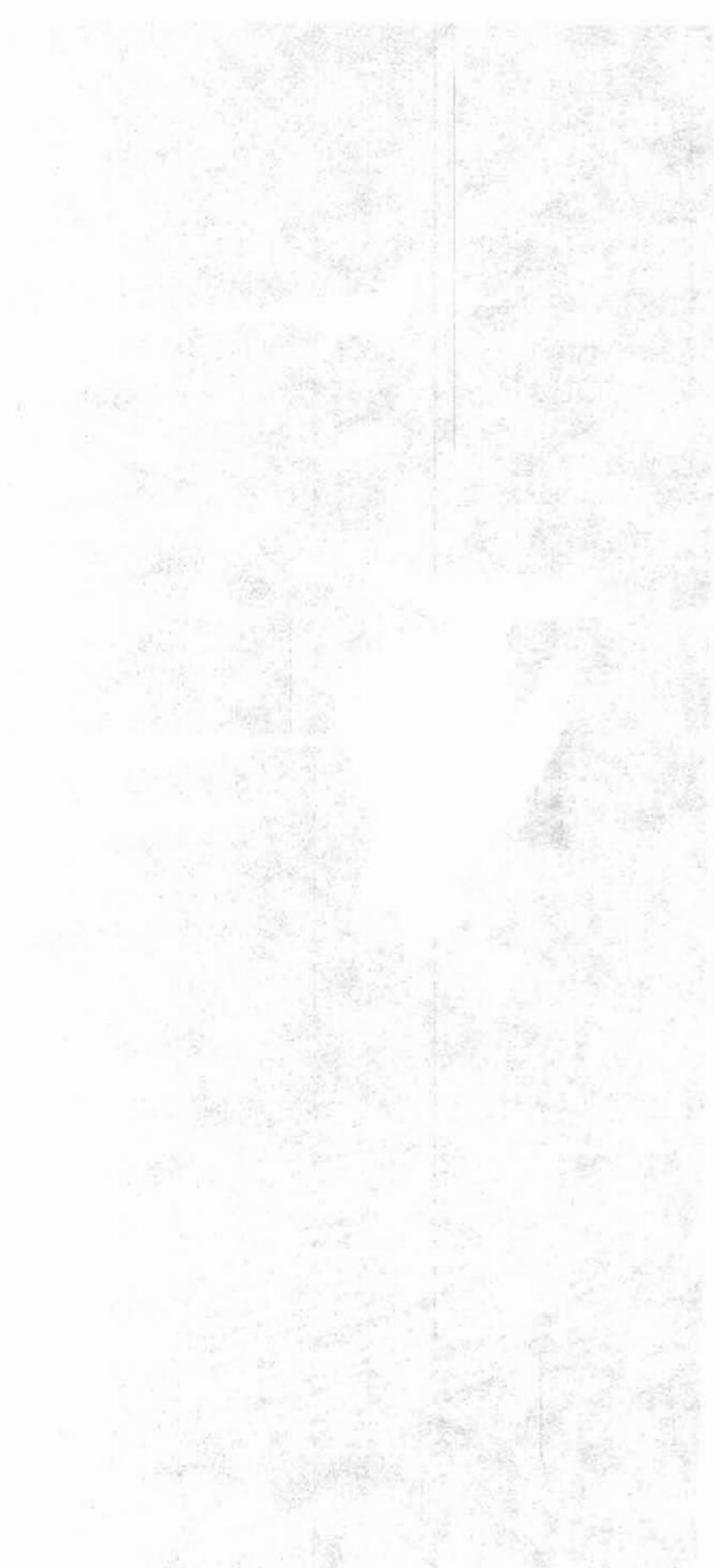


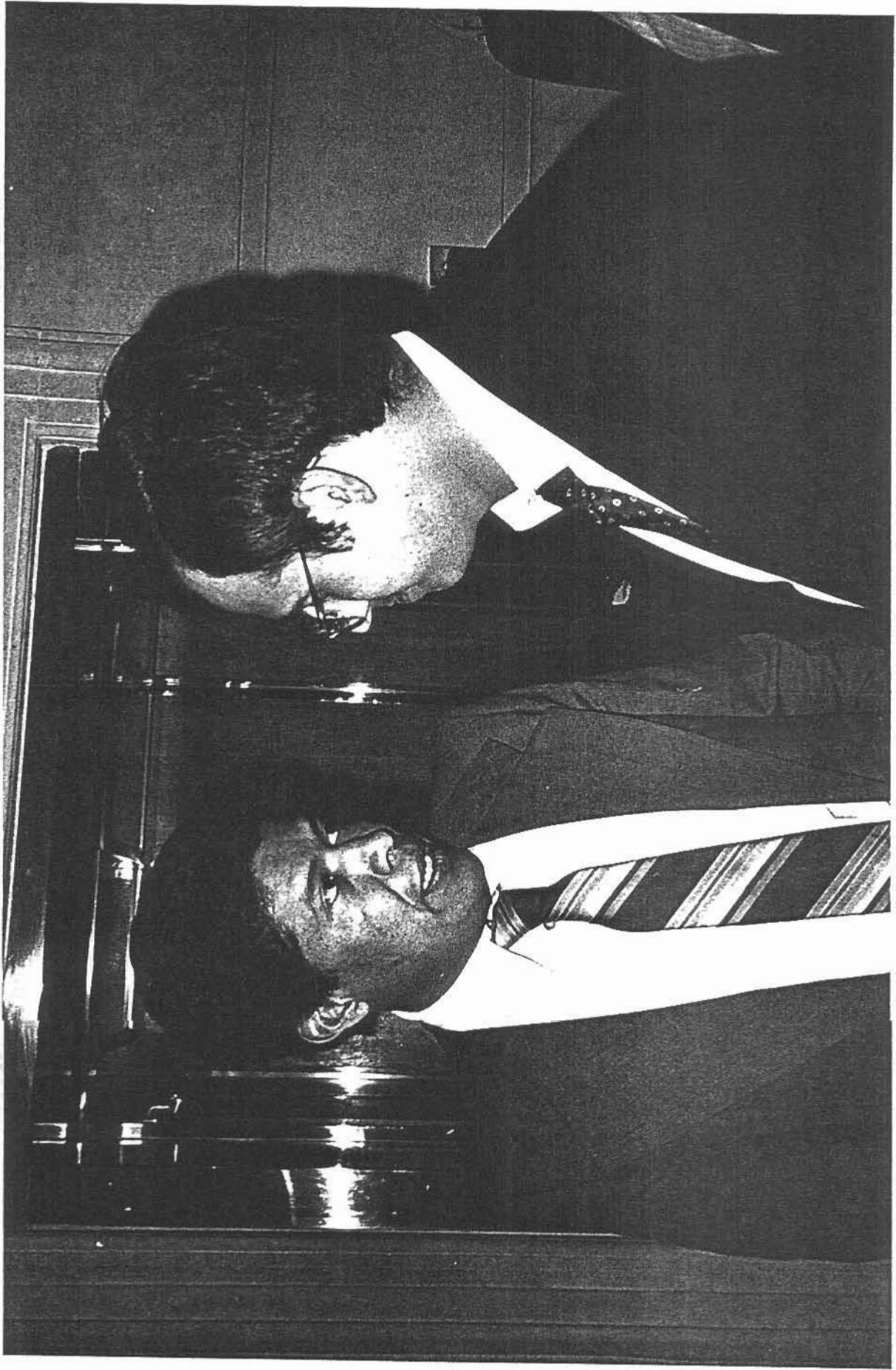
Aug 11 1964

The first Misurasata-FSLN negotiations were hosted by Colombian President Belisario Betancur (center), speaking to Luis Carrión, head of the Sandinista delegation (right) and Brooklyn Rivera, Misurasata coordinator. 1984. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]



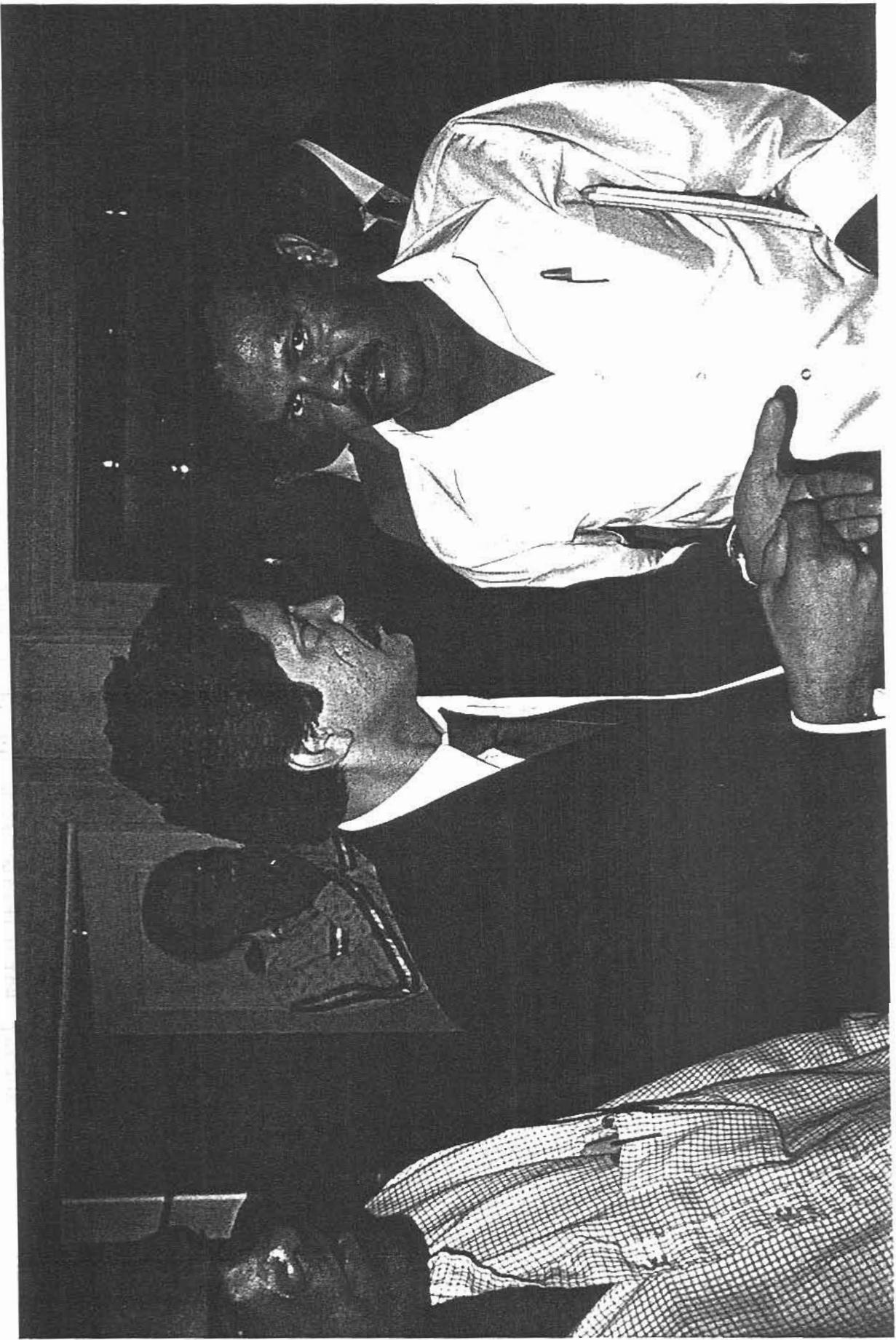
Vice-Minister of Interior Luis Carrión looks with displeasure at Misurasata's peace proposal. Omar Cabezas (left), also from the Ministry of Interior and confidant of Tomás Borge, dismissed the proposal as a "threat to the Revolution". Clem Chartier (right), President of the World Council of Indigenous Peoples, tried to encourage them to study the proposal. Bogotá, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]





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Misurasata leader Armstrong Wiggins (left) tells Luis Carrión that the FSLN can end the war by withdrawing from Indian land. Bogotá, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann [Chap. 11]



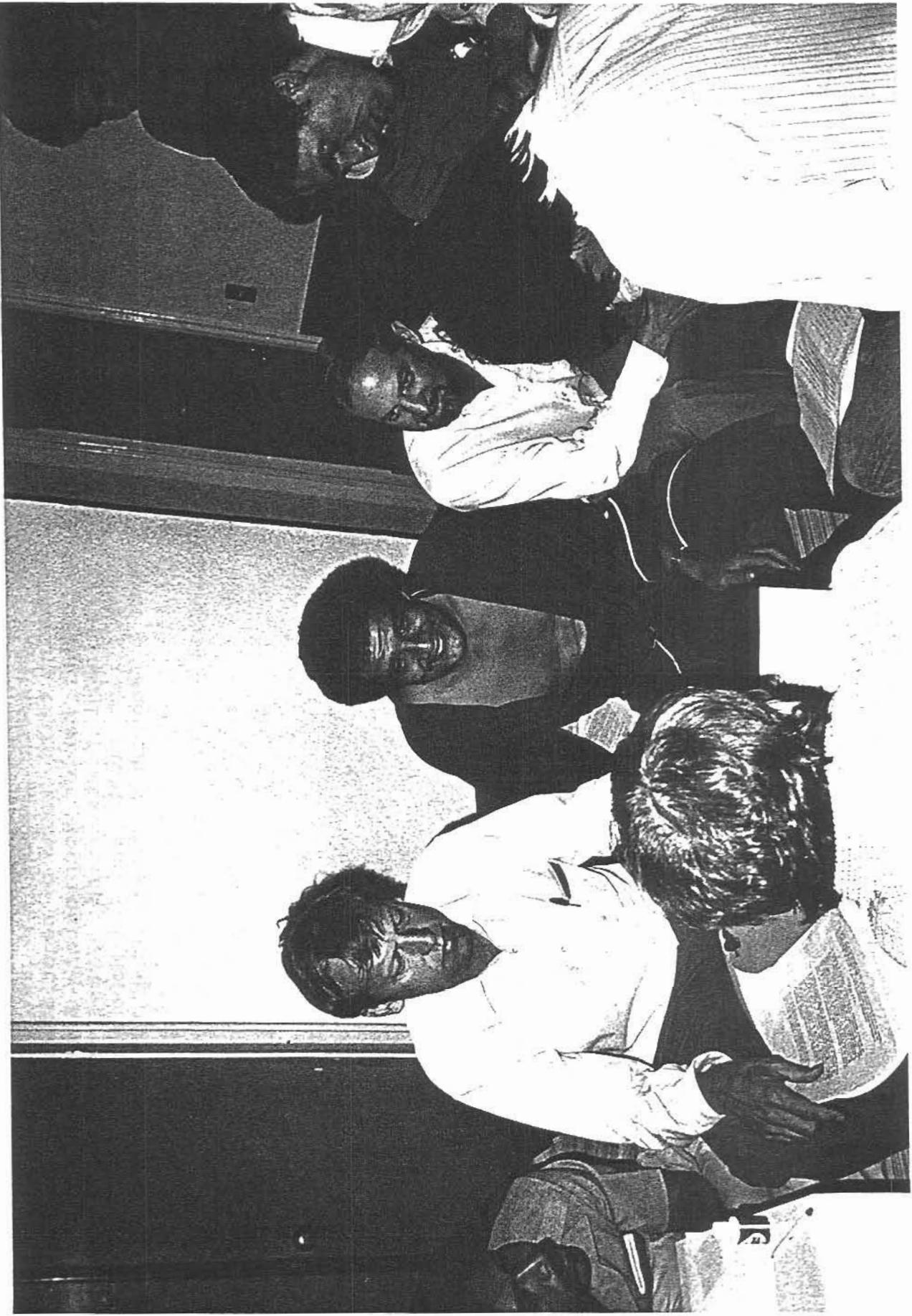
The FSLN's Omar Cabezas argues a point with Misurasata leader Samuel Mercado who had been held a political prisoner for 23 months in a Sandinista prison. Bogotá, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]



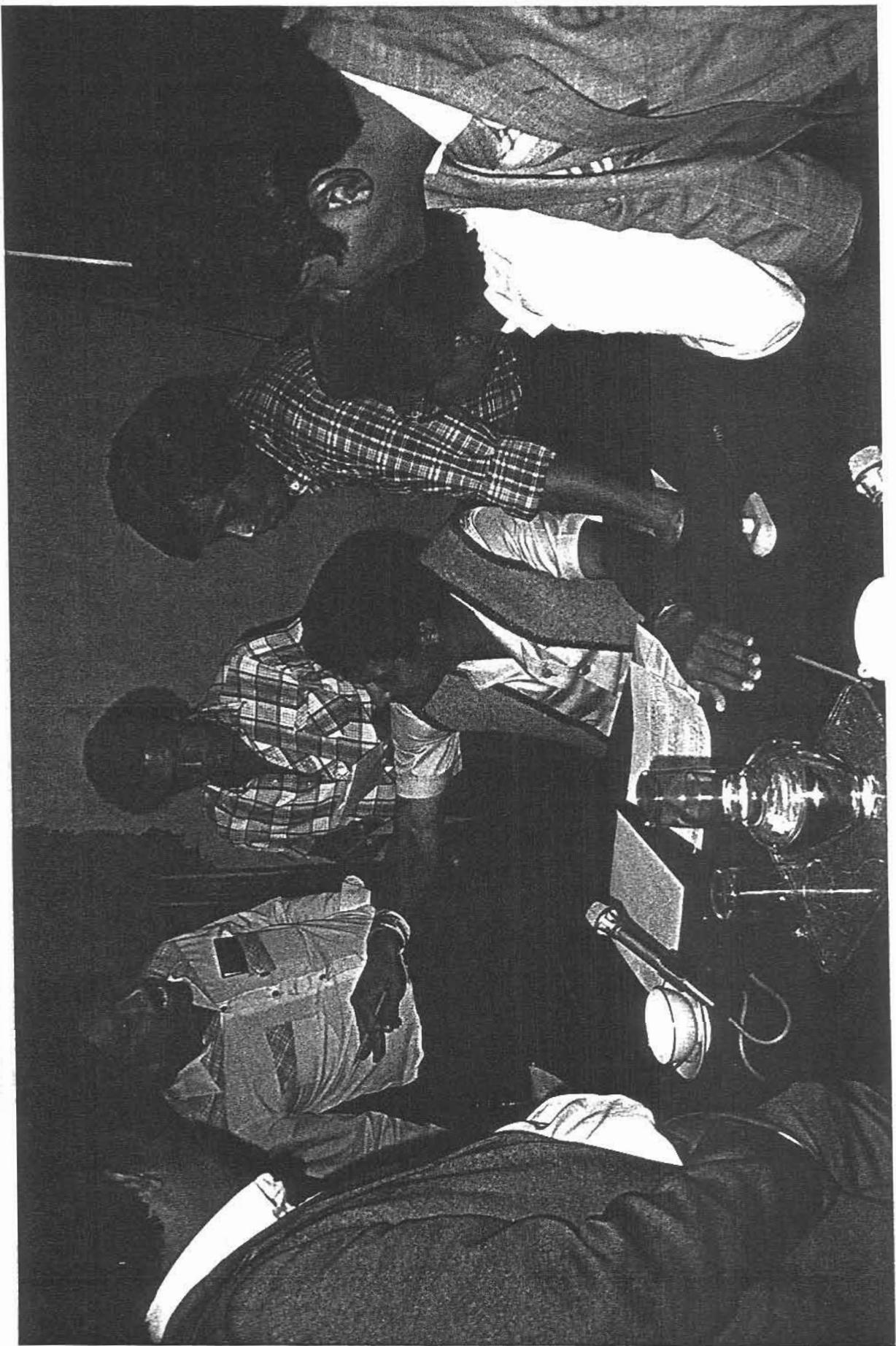
Representatives of many nations peoples were observers at the FSLN-Misurasata negotiations, including the Haudenosaunee, American Indian Movement, and representatives of organizations from Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru. Bogotá, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]



American Indian Movement leader Russell Means declares AIM's commitment of assistance to Misurasata during the second round of negotiations with the FSLN. Means later accompanied Rivera (center) and other North American nation leaders to Yapti Tasba where the FSLN used 2000 soldiers to hunt them. Bogotá, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11].



Late night strategy session. Misurasata leaders and advisors put together proposed accords during third round of negotiations with Sandinistas. Left to right: Marcos Hoppington, Steve Tullberg, Brooklyn Rivera, Bernard Nietschmann, Armstrong Wiggins, Tim Coulter, Jim Anaya (front right) and Ted McDonald. Mexico City, April, 1985. Photo by Rudolph C. Ryser. [Chap 11]



Misurasata delegation prepares draft of ^a good faith accord during the third round of negotiations, Mexico City, April 21, 1985. The accord was agreed to by the FSLN on April 22. Left to right: Armstrong Wiggins, Marcos Hoppington, Max Zamora, Brooklyn Rivera (seated), David Rodriguez, Ronas Dolores, and Walter Ortiz. Mexico City, 1985. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]



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"Expel Nietschmann and Tullberg". FSLN Minister of Interior Tomás Borge (center) consults with José "Chepe" González (right), Sandinista Front political chief of the occupied territories, and Salvador Pérez (left), head of Sandinista State Security for the occupied territories. Moments later they decided to order the author and Yatama advisor Steve Tullberg (Indian Law Resource Center) to not participate in the fifth round of negotiations and to "abandon the country". January, 1988, Managua. Photo by Bernard Nietschmann. [Chap. 11]